CB Class Automatic Transfer Switching Equipment

Compact ATNS

User's Manual







Dear Users:

Thank you for your selection of our ATNS product. For your safety and correctly application, Please read this manual carefully before Installation, connection, operation and maintenance.

The signature followed will be used in this manual for your attention on some danger, Simplify process and key operation

- Caution mark, to warn you that incorrect operation may cause people injury or unrecovery damage to the equipment.
- **◄:** Key operation, to inform you that incorrect operation may cause controller to work in abnormal state.
- offer some other information and simplify operating process.

Caution:

This equipment should only be mounted by professionals. The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any failure to not comply with the instructions given in this manual.

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1. Check-up before using

1.1 Check after opening the package box

When receive the ATNS automatic transfer switching equipment (ATSE) you ordered , please check the item followed before your installation

- check whether the ATSE is intact, and there is no any man-made damage or transport damage
- Check whether the voltage picking up wire connect with the breaker terminal and no wire falling
- Check whether all the accessory is available (refer to Table 1) If some problem is found, Please contact with us.

Item Qty. Note Certificate 1 Card User's 1 manual For manual operation Handle 1 in emergency 2 Standby for broken failure Fuse Connecting Only for B type ATNS 2 wiring Separated

1

Table 1 List of accessory

1.2 Operation Environment

Controller

• The altitude of installing Location shouldn't be high than 2000m Environment tolerance: ATNS could be used in a temperature range from -25°C to 55°C. When it is higher than 40°C , we should consider using them with reduced capacity. It can work in humid environment, even in relative humidity 95% at 55°C

Only for B type ATNS

Pollution Class : IIIProtection Class: IP20

1.3 Operation Voltage

ATNS can work well in a wide range from 85% to 110% of rated

voltage, when the voltage is detected out of this range (or pre-set range for B type Controller). Please employ it in the limit range of operation voltage.

2. Installation and Operation

2.1 Dielectric Test

The product have passed the dielectric test before it output from manufacture. If you want to redo it, please take out the fuse to avoid electronic component damage.

2.2 Structure of ATNS

2. 2. 1 ATNS with A type Controller Fuse for Replacement Source

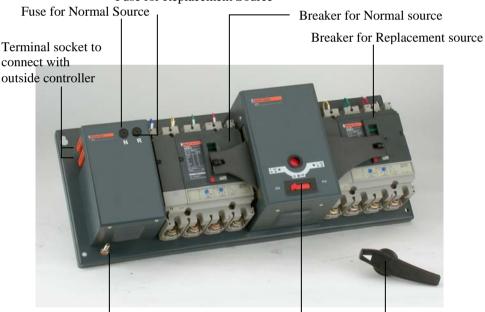


Introduction of Indication Lamp

- □ N (normal power source) Indicator (Yellow LED):
 Light up Voltage of normal power source is ok;
 - Flickery there is voltage failure for normal power source
- □ R (replacement power source) Indicator (Yellow LED):
 Light up Voltage of replacement power source is ok;
 Flickery there is voltage failure for replacement power source
- □ N breaker indicator (Green LED): Light up Normal source breaker is closed
- □ R breaker indicator (Green LED) : Light up —Replacement source breaker is closed
- □ N breaker tripped indicator (Red LED): Light up Normal source breaker is tripped for current fault
- □ R breaker tripped indicator (Red LED): Light up —Replacement source breaker is tripped for current fault

2.2.2 ATNS with B type Controller

Fuse for Replacement Source



Protection Eearth Terminal

Automatic /manual operation switch L Handle



B Type Controller (Individual)

2.3 Form and Installation Dimensions

- For form and dimension of ATNS please refer to the Fig.2, Fig.3 and Table 2
- For form and dimension of B type controller(Individual), please refer to the Fig.1

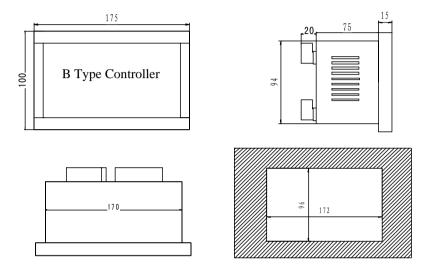


Fig. 1 Form of B type controller and Hole dimension

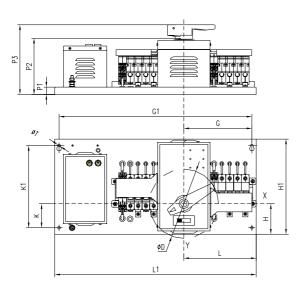


Fig. 2 ATNS63

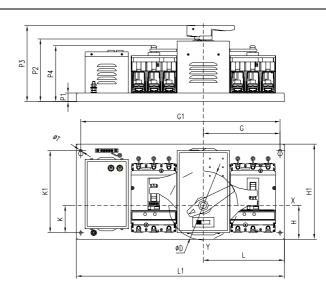


Fig .3 ATNS 100/ 160 / 250 / 400/ 630

Table 2 Form and installation dimension of ATNS

Dimension		Form Dimension (mm)										installation dimension (mm)		
Type	D	G(3P/4P)	Н	H1	K	L(3P/4P)	L1(3P/4P)	P1	P2	Р3	P4MAX	G1(3P/4P)	K1	T
ATNS 63	162	160	70.5	220	55.5	170	460	17	130	161		440	190	6.5
ATNS 100	162	177/212	78	220	63	187/222	480/550	20	145	176	131	460/530	190	6.5
ATNS 160	162	177/212	78	220	63	187/222	480/550	20	145	176	131	460/530	190	6.5
ATNS 250	162	177/212	78	220	63	187/222	480/550	20	145	176	131	460/530	190	6.5
ATNS 400	280	242/287	97	285	82	257/302	610/700	20	180	232	188	580/670	255	9
ATNS 630	280	242/287	97	285	82	257/302	610/700	20	180	232	188	580/670	255	9

^{■ 2} poles product of ATNS 63 has the same demission with 3 poles product

2.4 Connection

- Notice for connection:
 - ☐ It is prefer to tap or solder bolt on the backplate When you fix the ATNS in power distribution cupboard
 - □ State indication of Normal power source, Replacement power Source ,breaker closed and breaker failure trip are provided. For ATNS with A type controller, these signal (with Power)are provided to customer by output terminal, you can use these output signal according Fig.4—Fig.6, It should be notice that No.9 and 10 is to connect with a reset Button only for "Self-transfer and reset-return" recovery mode, other bits is optional for customer to connect with lamp or relay outside.
 - □ For ATNS with B type controller, a group of float Contact (terminal 20,21,22) is provided to start generator, you can connect It into generator start circuit. A fire alarm signal input terminal(23,24) is also provided, when a DC24V fire alarm signal input into the terminal, the ATNS will transfer to OFF position, and cut power supply of load. you can use these output signal according Fig.7—Fig.8
 - ■: The phase sequence connect to normal source breaker and replacement source breaker should be consistent, and for 3 poles ATNS the zero line should be connected to Zero terminal

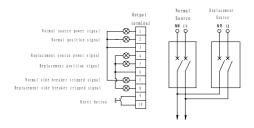


Fig.4 Two Poles ATNS with A type Controller

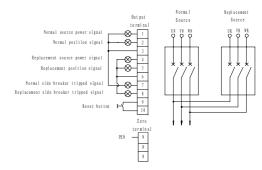


Fig.5 Three Poles ATNS with A type Controller

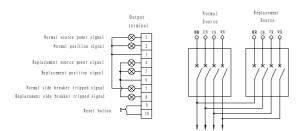


Fig.6 Four Poles ATNS with A type Controller

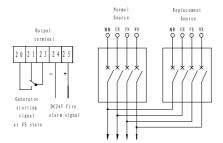


Fig.8 Four Poles ATNS with B type Controller

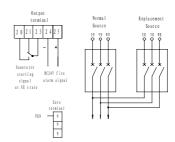


Fig.7 Three Poles ATNS with B type Controller

TO generator start terminal (B type Controller), when the normal source power is ok, the "normal closed contact (terminal 21)" disconnect with the "Common Contact(terminal 22)". And when the voltage of normal source is abnormal, the "normal closed contact" connect with the "Common Contact", which can start the generator. To the "normal opened contact(terminal 20)" the work state is opposite to the "normal closed contact".



The protection earth line should be well connected to assure safety of operator

Electrical parameter of output terminal

Terminal Name		Controller Type	Rated Voltage	Rated Current
Terminal for Indication Lamp		A	220VAC	1A
Fire alarm Input terminal		В	24VDC	_
Generator startup terminal (Float)*		В	250VAC/ 30VDC	3A

^{*} It means rated load capacity for float contact

2.5 Controller

2.5.1 Main Function

ATNS decide to perform power supply switchover or not based on whether voltage of Power supply is normal and the pre-set working mode. The main function of ATNS is up to its controller, we provide two kind of controller A type and B type, the function of both controller can be refer to Table 3.

Table 3 Function List of ATNS CB level ATS

Controller	A (Internal)	B (External and individual)
Rated operational	220VAC	220VAC
Voltage ^①		
Rated Frequency	50/60Hz	50/60Hz
3 working positions		
Normal Position		
Replacement Position		
OFF Position		
3 operational modes		
Automatic Operation		
Local Forced Operation		
Manual Operation [®]		
Automatic Operation		
Normal source Voltage detection and automatic changeover	■ (Phase failure \ power loss detection)	Phase failure \ power loss \ under - Voltage \ over-voltage detection)
Replacement source Voltage detection and automatic changeover		■ (Phase failure \ power loss \ under − Voltage \ over-voltage detection)
Generator Control		
Chain action for fire protection (DC24V), cut power supply to non-priority loads Self transfer and Self		

return [®]		
Self transfer and Rest		
return ⁴		
Self transfer and fault		
return ⁵		
Local Forced Operation		
Forced work on		
Normal Position		
Forced work on		
Replacement Position		
Forced work on OFF		
Position		
Indication		
Circuit breaker status		
indication (open or		
closed)		
Normal source and		
Replacement source		
indicator		
Tripped indicator		
Pre-set Parameter		
Display		
Other Function		
Transfer Time Delay	0s 、5s 、15s、30s	0-255s (1s as a step)
	accuracy ≤5%	
	•	
Return transfer Time	0s 、5s 、15s、30s	0-255s (1s as a step)
Delay	accuracy ≤5%	
Protection and alarm for		
wrong connection of	_	_
phase wire with Neutral		
pole		
Time limit for		
changeover process (5s		
self –protection for		
motor)		
Modbus Communication		

■ Standard Function □ Optional function

Note:

- ① Power is supply to controller through isolation module, If the working voltage is consistent with rated voltage, ATNS can be used directly, but if not an BC type or equal isolation transformer is needed
- ② In manual operation mode , the electrical circuit is cut off and all automatic function is not available
- ③ Normal source has high priority to Replacement Source, when both power supply is ok , ATNS work on normal side , If voltage deviation of normal source is detected , ATNS will transfer to Replacement side and supply with replacement source (when replacement source is ok) . When normal source is recovery, ATNS will return to normal side automatically, the transfer time delay and return time delay is adjustable .
- ④ Normal source and replacement source has same priority. The source powering up first is work side, when the voltage deviation of working source is detected, ATNS will transfer to other side
- ⑤ Normal source has high priority to Replacement Source, when both power supply is ok, ATNS work on normal side, If voltage deviation of normal source is detected, ATNS will transfer to Replacement side and supply with replacement source(when replacement source is ok). ATNS won't return to normal side until manually press the reset button, even normal source recovery

2.5.2 A type Controller

- Mode switchover between Automatic (Electrical) / Manual operation
 - ☐ Automatic operation: put "Automatic /manual operation switch" on "Auto" position
 - ☐ Manual operation: put "Automatic /manual operation switch" on "Manual" position
- Setting of transfer time delay and working (Adjust the position of DIP switch, refer to Table 4)

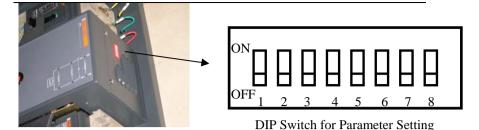


Table 4 Operation Parameter Setting of A Type Controller

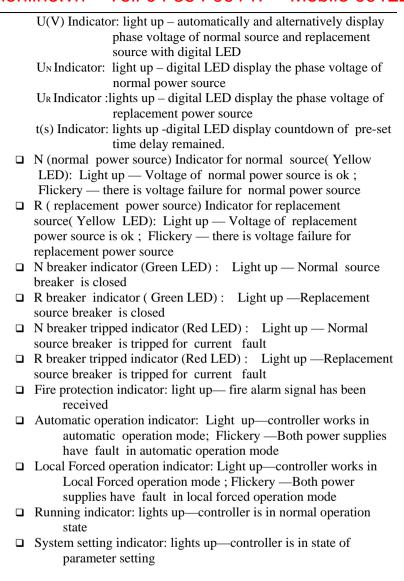
Setting of Tansfer time delay			Setting of Return time delay			Setting of Recovery mode(working mode)				
1	2	3	Time delay(s)	4	5	6	Time delay(s)	7	8	Recovery mode
OFF	OFF	OFF	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	0	OFF	OFF	Self-transfer and Self-return
ON	OFF	OFF	5	ON	OFF	OFF	5	ON	OFF	Self-transfer and Failure-return
ON	ON	OFF	15	ON	ON	OFF	15	ON	ON	Self-transfer and Reset-return
ON	ON	ON	30	ON	ON	ON	30			

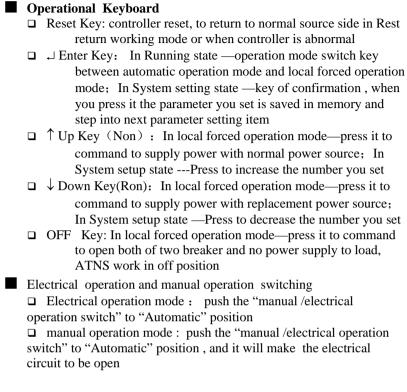
Please preset the DIP switch before powering up

2.5.3 B type Controller

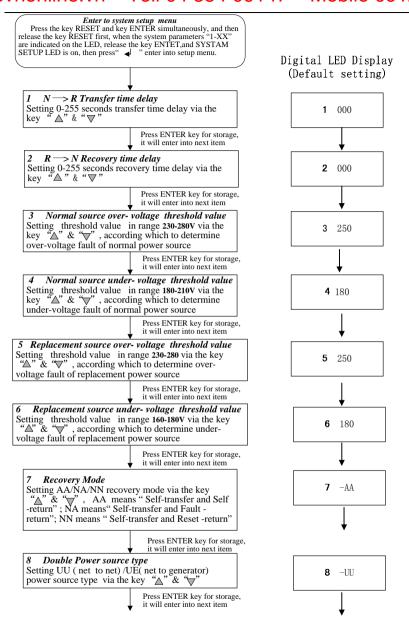


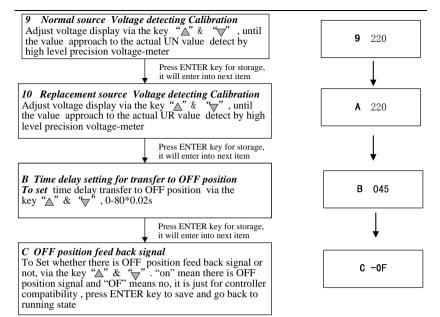
■ Introduction of Digital LED Display and Indication Lamp
□ Digital LED display





■ Parameter setting procedure





- : In the parameter setting procedure, if the followed parameter item needn't to be adjusted, you can press Reset button to go back to running state directly after press Enter button to save the last setting.
- F: In the procedure above, the number inside rectangle provide the default parameter setting (except item 9 & 10 base on actual voltage value)
- ■: For parameters from 1-8, customer can adjust freely according you requirement; but for parameters from 9-C is just for professionals or our service people supporter

2.6 Operation

ATNS is easy to use , To customer, you just need to connect the wiring of input side (power source side) and out put side (load side), and adjust the parameter according chapter 2.5.2 (for A type controller) or chapter 2.5.3 (for B type controller), if the default value not fit for your requirement. Of cause the adjustment operation can be omitted if you accept the default value. Then to check the whether the "Automatic/manual operation switch" is on "Auto" position, if no change it to "Auto" position, After powering on the ATNS can work automatically.

■ Automation Operation

To choose "Self-transfer and Self return" work mode as an example. After assembling all the wiring of input side and output side according the correspond Figure of Chapter 2.4 replacement side. When everything is ready, including the wiring is well connected, the "Automatic /manual operation switch" is on "Auto" position, controller is pre-setted on "Self-transfer and Self return" recovery mode. After powering on, if the normal source is ok, ATNS will work on normal position, otherwise ATNS will transfer to replacement position (when replacement source is ok), when the normal source power recovery, ATNS will return to normal position after preset return time delay.

- Local forced operation (only for ATNS with B type controller)
 When either source power is ok and "Automatic /manual operation switch" on "Auto" position. You can press the "→" button to switch the operation mode between two kind of electrical operation "Automatic operation mode" and "Local forced operation mode". In the "Local forced operation mode" (the Local Forced operation indicator will light up), you can press the "↑ (Non)" key to close the normal side breaker and press the "↓(Ron)" key to close the replacement side breaker, or press "OFF" key to open two breaker and make ATNS work on "OFF" position
- Manual Operation

 Push the "Automatic /manual operation switch" to "Manual"

 position, which will cut off the electrical driving circuit, then to insert

the Handle and press it to bottom, after that you can rotate the handle to close the breaker and choose the power source you want. The manual operation just for maintenance or emergency

Ч: When breaker is tripped for overload or short circuit, first to remove the failure, then re-trip the breaker manually, push the " "Automatic /manual operation switch" to "Auto" position and press the Rest button, then the controller will recovery to normal running state

◀: After manual operation , if you want return to automatic operation state, please take out the handle and push the "Automatic /manual operation switch" on "Auto" position ,then press the Rest button



A Don't plug in or took out the terminal when power is on



⚠ Don't close the breaker when both power source are fault

3. Maintenance and common troubleshooting

Maintenance

To assure the reliability of ATNS, please have routine source changeover test in fixed interval (every 3 month is preferred). It will benefit to continuity of power supply to important loads.

■ Common Troubleshooting

When your find ATNS works in abnormal state, please press the Reset button first to see whether the fault could be removed, then to check whether the state of main circuit and Voltage picking up wire is normal and well connected. The table 5 is useful for you fault diagnose and removing. After checking refer to the table, if you still can't remove the fault, please contact with our company or local service department.

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Table 5 Common Troubleshooting

Fault	Fau	ılt Diagnose	Fault Removing
	Source indicator on the controlle	Voltage Picking up wire fall off from input terminal of breaker To 3 Poles ATNS, the zero wire hasn't been connected to Zero terminal	Well connected the wire
	r is off	The related fuse is broken	Change related fuse
ATNS	Source indicator is lighting on	"Automatic /manual operation switch" on the manual position	Push the switch to Automatic position
is Powered on Bu t	Source	The voltage of related power source is abnormal or the wire connection is not well	Maintain the power source or wire connection
doesn't	indicator is flickerin g	Buzzer alarm that	
work well		means neutral Pole (or terminal) is wrong	Modify the wrong connection
		connected with phase	
		pole	TO 1 . 1
	Breaker tr	ipped indicator lights up	The related breaker is tripped, when the current failure have been removed, re-trip the breaker manually, and press the Reset button
		e operation indicator or Local eration indicator flickers	Both of the two power source are failure, check and remove the failure

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